

# LAMPIRAN

## Lampiran 1 Perhitungan Pembuatan Larutan

### 1. Perhitungan Pembuatan DPPH 1000 ppm, Vit C 1000 ppm, Larutan Mikroemulsi, Larutan Induk Mikroemulsi Minyak Buah Merah

$$\text{DPPH } 1000 \text{ ppm} = 1000 \mu/\text{ml} = 1 \text{ mg/ml}$$

$$10 \text{ mg} = 10.000 \mu/\text{ml}$$

$$10 \text{ mg} / 10 \text{ ml} = \frac{10.000 \mu/\text{ml}}{10 \text{ ml}}$$

$$= 1000 \mu/\text{ml}$$

$$= 1000 \text{ ppm}$$

Dibutuhkan 1mg/ml

Sampel 10 mg ad 10 ml metanol

### 2. Pembuatan Larutan Seri Vitamin C

$$V1 \times N1 = V2 \times N2$$

- Konsentrasi 10 ppm

$$V1 \times 1000 \text{ ppm} = 10 \text{ ml} \times 10 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V1 = \frac{100}{1000}$$

$$V1 = 0,1 \text{ ml} / 10 \text{ ml}$$

- Konsentrasi 20 ppm

$$V1 \times 1000 \text{ ppm} = 10 \text{ ml} \times 20 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V1 = \frac{200}{1000}$$

$$V1 = 0,2 \text{ ml} / 10 \text{ ml}$$

- Konsentrasi 40 ppm

$$V1 \times 1000 \text{ ppm} = 10 \text{ ml} \times 40 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V1 = \frac{400}{1000}$$

$$V1 = 0,4 \text{ ml}/10 \text{ ml}$$

- Konsentrasi 80 ppm

$$V1 \times 1000 \text{ ppm} = 10 \text{ ml} \times 80 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V1 = \frac{800}{1000}$$

$$V1 = 0,8 \text{ ml}/10 \text{ ml}$$

### 3. Perhitungan larutan mikroemulsi

#### a. Mikroemulsi Formula A (Konsentrasi 20%)

$$1. \text{ Minyak Buah Merah} = \frac{8,4}{100} \times 50 \text{ ml} = 4,2 \text{ ml}$$

$$2. \text{ Tween 20} = \frac{20}{100} \times 50 \text{ ml} = 10 \text{ ml}$$

$$3. \text{ Gliserin} = \frac{5}{100} \times 50 \text{ ml} = 2,5 \text{ ml}$$

$$4. \text{ Sorbitol} = \frac{15}{100} \times 50 \text{ ml} = 7,5 \text{ ml}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 5. \text{ Aquadest} &= 50 \text{ ml} - (4,2 \text{ ml} + 10 \text{ ml} + 2,5 \text{ ml} + 7,5 \text{ ml}) \\ &= 50 \text{ ml} - 24,2 \text{ ml} \\ &= 25,8 \text{ ml} \end{aligned}$$

#### b. Mikroemulsi Formula A (Konsentrasi 30%)

$$6. \text{ Minyak Buah Merah} = \frac{8,4}{100} \times 50 \text{ ml} = 4,2 \text{ ml}$$

$$7. \text{ Tween 20} = \frac{30}{100} \times 50 \text{ ml} = 15 \text{ ml}$$

$$8. \text{ Gliserin} = \frac{5}{100} \times 50 \text{ ml} = 2,5 \text{ ml}$$

$$9. \text{ Sorbitol} = \frac{15}{100} \times 50 \text{ ml} = 7,5 \text{ ml}$$

$$10. \text{ Aquadest} = 50 \text{ ml} - (4,2 \text{ ml} + 15 \text{ ml} + 2,5 \text{ ml} + 7,5 \text{ ml})$$

$$= 50 \text{ ml} - 29,2 \text{ ml}$$

$$= 20,8 \text{ ml}$$

c. Mikroemulsi Formula A (Konsentrasi 40%)

$$11. \text{ Minyak Buah Merah} = \frac{8,4}{100} \times 50 \text{ ml} = 4,2 \text{ ml}$$

$$12. \text{ Tween 20} = \frac{40}{100} \times 50 \text{ ml} = 20 \text{ ml}$$

$$13. \text{ Gliserin} = \frac{5}{100} \times 50 \text{ ml} = 2,5 \text{ ml}$$

$$14. \text{ Sorbitol} = \frac{15}{100} \times 50 \text{ ml} = 7,5 \text{ ml}$$

$$15. \text{ Aquadest} = 50 \text{ ml} - (4,2 \text{ ml} + 20 \text{ ml} + 2,5 \text{ ml} + 7,5 \text{ ml})$$

$$= 50 \text{ ml} - 34,2 \text{ ml}$$

$$= 15,8 \text{ ml}$$

**4. Pembuatan Blanko DPPH 40 ppm**

DPPH 40 ppm

$$V_1 \times 1000 \text{ ppm} = 10 \text{ ml} \times 40 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{200}{1000}$$

$$V_1 = 0,4 \text{ ml} / 10 \text{ ml}$$

**5. Pembuatan Larutan Seri Mikroemulsi Minyak Buah Merah**

- Konsentrasi 100 ppm

$$V_1 \times 1000 \text{ ppm} = 10 \text{ ml} \times 100 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{1000}{1000}$$

$$V_1 = 1 \text{ ml} / 10 \text{ ml}$$

- Konsentrasi 150 ppm

$$V_1 \times 1000 \text{ ppm} = 10 \text{ ml} \times 100 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{1500}{1000}$$

$$V_1 = 1,5 \text{ ml} / 10 \text{ ml}$$

- Konsentrasi 200 ppm

$$V_1 \times 1000 \text{ ppm} = 10 \text{ ml} \times 100 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{2000}{1000}$$

$$V_1 = 2 \text{ ml} / 10 \text{ ml}$$

- Konsentrasi 250 ppm

$$V_1 \times 1000 \text{ ppm} = 10 \text{ ml} \times 100 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{2500}{1000}$$

$$V_1 = 2,5 \text{ ml} / 10 \text{ ml}$$

- Konsentrasi 300 ppm

$$V_1 \times 1000 \text{ ppm} = 10 \text{ ml} \times 100 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{3000}{1000}$$

$$V_1 = 3 \text{ ml} / 10 \text{ ml}$$

**Lampiran 2**  
**Data Absorbansi**

**1. Data Absorbansi Vitamin C**

Konsentrasi	Replikasi			Rata-rata
	1	2	3	
10	0,634	0,637	0,638	0,636
20	0,618	0,621	0,622	0,620
40	0,507	0,507	0,507	0,507
80	0,044	0,045	0,046	0,045

**2. Data Absorbansi Sampel Mikroemulsi Minyak Buah Merah**

**Sampel A**

Konsentrasi	Replikasi			Rata-rata
	1	2	3	
100	0,834	0,833	0,833	0,833
150	0,819	0,819	0,818	0,818
200	0,788	0,788	0,788	0,788
250	0,744	0,745	0,746	0,745
300	0,740	0,740	0,740	0,740

**Sampel B**

Konsentrasi	Replikasi			Rata-rata
	1	2	3	
100	0,553	0,552	0,553	0,552
150	0,515	0,516	0,516	0,515
200	0,498	0,498	0,499	0,498
250	0,476	0,477	0,477	0,476
300	0,467	0,468	0,468	0,467

**Sampel C**

Konsentrasi	Replikasi			Rata-rata
	1	2	3	
100	0,582	0,583	0,584	0,583
150	0,563	0,566	0,566	0,565
200	0,542	0,543	0,544	0,543
250	0,539	0,540	0,539	0,539
300	0,526	0,528	0,528	0,527

### Lampiran 3 Perhitungan Penentuan IC<sub>50</sub>

#### 1. Perhitungan % Inhibisi

##### a. Vitamin C

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{\text{Absorbansi kontrol} - \text{absorbansi}}{\text{Absorbansi kontrol}} \times 100 \%$$

$$\begin{aligned} 10 \text{ ppm} &= \frac{0,820 - 0,636}{0,820} \times 100\% \\ &= 22,43\% \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 20 \text{ ppm} &= \frac{0,820 - 0,620}{0,820} \times 100\% \\ &= 24,39\% \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 40 \text{ ppm} &= \frac{0,820 - 0,507}{0,820} \times 100\% \\ &= 38,17\% \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 80 \text{ ppm} &= \frac{0,820 - 0,045}{0,820} \times 100\% \\ &= 94,51\% \end{aligned}$$

##### b. Sampel Mikroemulsi Minyak Buah Merah

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{\text{Absorbansi kontrol} - \text{absorbansi}}{\text{Absorbansi kontrol}} \times 100 \%$$

##### Sampel A

$$\begin{aligned} 100 \text{ ppm} &= \frac{0,837 - 0,833}{0,837} \times 100\% \\ &= 0,47\% \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 150 \text{ ppm} &= \frac{0,837 - 0,818}{0,837} \times 100\% \\ &= 2,27\% \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 200 \text{ ppm} &= \frac{0,837 - 0,788}{0,837} \times 100\% \\ &= 5,85\% \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 250 \text{ ppm} &= \frac{0,837 - 0,745}{0,837} \times 100\% \\ &= 10,99\% \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 300 \text{ ppm} &= \frac{0,837 - 0,740}{0,837} \times 100\% \end{aligned}$$

$$= 11,58\%$$

### **Sampel B**

$$100 \text{ ppm} = \frac{0,837-0,552}{0,837} \times 100\% \\ = 34,05\%$$

$$150 \text{ ppm} = \frac{0,837-0,515}{0,837} \times 100\% \\ = 38,47\%$$

$$200 \text{ ppm} = \frac{0,837-0,498}{0,837} \times 100\% \\ = 40,50\%$$

$$250 \text{ ppm} = \frac{0,837-0,476}{0,837} \times 100\% \\ = 43,13\%$$

$$300 \text{ ppm} = \frac{0,837-0,467}{0,837} \times 100\% \\ = 44,20\%$$

### **Sampel C**

$$100 \text{ ppm} = \frac{0,837-0,583}{0,837} \times 100\% \\ = 30,34\%$$

$$150 \text{ ppm} = \frac{0,837-0,565}{0,837} \times 100\% \\ = 32,49\%$$

$$200 \text{ ppm} = \frac{0,837-0,543}{0,837} \times 100\% \\ = 35,12\%$$

$$250 \text{ ppm} = \frac{0,837-0,539}{0,837} \times 100\% \\ = 35,60\%$$

$$300 \text{ ppm} = \frac{0,837-0,527}{0,837} \times 100\% \\ = 37,03\%$$

## **2. Penentuan IC<sub>50</sub>**



$$\begin{array}{l}
 y = ax + b \\
 5 = ax + b \\
 IC_{50} = \frac{5-a}{b}
 \end{array}$$

**a. Penentuan  $IC_{50}$  Vitamin C**

$$y = 2,54x + 1,274$$

$$5 = 2,54x + 1,274$$

$$5 - 1,274 = 2,54x$$

$$3,726 = 2,54x$$

$$x = \frac{3,726}{2,54}$$

$$\log C = 1,4669$$

$$C = \text{antilog } 1,4669$$

$$= 29,302$$

**b. Penentuan  $IC_{50}$  Mikroemulsi Minyak Buah Merah**

**Sampel A**

$$y = 7,71x - 14,73$$

$$5 = 7,71x - 14,73$$

$$5 + 14,73 = 7,71x$$

$$19,73 = 7,71x$$

$$x = \frac{19,73}{7,71}$$

$$\log C = 2,559$$

$$C = \text{antilog } 2,559$$

$$= 362,242$$

**Sampel B**

$$y = 0,55x + 3,4821$$

$$5 = 0,55x + 3,4821$$

$$5 - 3,4821 = 0,55x$$

$$1,5179 = 0,55x$$

$$x = \frac{1,5179}{0,55}$$

$$\log C = 2,7598$$

$$C = \text{antilog } 2,7598$$

$$= 575,174$$

### **Sampel C**

$$y = 0,41x + 3,6472$$

$$5 = 0,41x + 3,6472$$

$$5 - 3,6472 = 0,41x$$

$$1,3528 = 0,41x$$

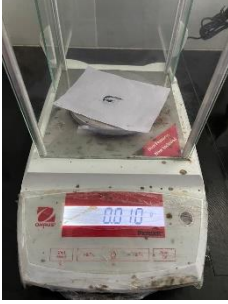

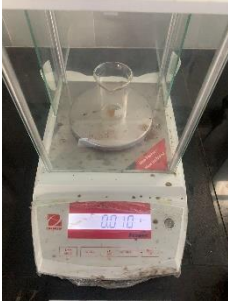

$$x = \frac{1,3528}{0,41}$$


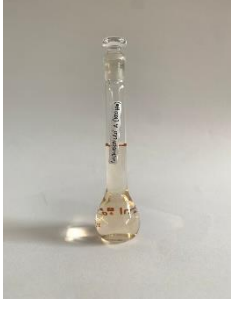



$$\log C = 3,2995$$



$$C = \text{antilog } 3,2995$$

$$= 1992,966$$

**Lampiran 4**  
**Penentuan IC<sub>50</sub>**

No	Gambar	Keterangan
1		Proses penimbangan serbuk DPPH
2		Proses penimbangan vitamin C
3		Proses penimbangan mikroemulsi
4		Pembuatan larutan DPPH 1000 ppm

5		Pembuatan larutan DPPH 40 ppm
6		Pembuatan larutan vitamin C
7		Larutan seri vitamin C 10 ppm, 20 ppm, 40 ppm, 80 ppm
8		Larutan seri mikroemulsi A 100 ppm, 150 ppm, 200 ppm, 250 ppm, 300 ppm
9		Larutan seri mikroemulsi B 100 ppm, 150 ppm, 200 ppm, 250 ppm, 300 ppm

10		Larutan seri mikroemulsi C 100 ppm, 150 ppm, 200 ppm, 250 ppm, 300 ppm
11		Proses pembacaan absorbansi menggunakan spektrofotometri Uv-Vis



No : 012.06/FAR.PHB/IV/2024  
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### SURAT KETERANGAN

Dengan ini menerangkan bahwa mahasiswa berikut :

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Benar – benar telah melakukan penelitian di Laboratorium Diploma III Farmasi Politeknik Harapan Bersama Tegal.

Demikian surat keterangan ini untuk digunakan sebagaimana mestinya.

Tegal, 25 April 2024  
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Judul Penelitian : PEMBUATAN MIKROEMULSI MINYAK  
BUAH MERAH (*Pandanus conoideus*) DAN  
PENENTUAN NILAI IC<sub>50</sub> DENGAN METODE  
DPPH